IN THE CLAIMS:

1. (Currently Amended) An <u>in-plane switching (IPS) liquid</u> crystal display (LCD) comprising:

a substrate, with pixel regions thereon arranged in rows and columns on the substrate;

an aperture formed in the each pixel region of the substrate and having liquid crystal and at least one strip-like electrodes pixel electrode therein;

a <u>capacitor storage (CS)</u> circuit <u>disposed in each pixel</u>

<u>region</u> adjacent to the aperture; and

a pad opposed disposed in opposition to the each CS circuit and connected to the strip-like electrodes electrode,

wherein a cut is formed in a side of the CS circuit to which the aperture is adjacent.

2. (Currently Amended) The IPS LCD according to claim 1 the present invention, wherein said cut is formed in a position through which a laser beam is may be applied to the strip-like electrode.

3. (Currently Amended) An <u>in-plane switching (IPS) liquid</u> crystal display (LCD) comprising:

a substrate, with pixel regions thereon arranged in rows and columns on the substrate;

an aperture formed in the each pixel region of the substrate and having liquid crystal and at least one strip-like electrodes pixel electrode therein;

a <u>capacitor storage (CS)</u> circuit <u>disposed in each pixel</u> region adjacent to the aperture; and

a pad opposed disposed in opposition to the each CS circuit and connected to the strip-like electrodes electrode,

wherein a cut is formed in a part of the CS circuit that corresponds to the location of the strip-like electrode.

4. (Currently Amended) A method of changing a bright pixel to a dark pixel in an in-plane switching (IPS) liquid crystal display (LCD) comprising a substrate, a plurality of pixels with pixel regions thereon arranged in rows and columns; on the substrate, an aperture formed in the each

pixel region of the substrate and having liquid crystal and at least one strip-like electrodes electrode therein; a CS circuit disposed in each pixel region adjacent to the aperture; and a pad opposed disposed in opposition to the each CS circuit and connected to the strip-like electrodes; said method comprising the step of:

aperture of only a bright pixel region, among the plurality of pixels at the end of the aperture pixel regions, by a laser beam.

5. (Currently Amended) A method of changing a bright pixel to a dark pixel in an in-plane switching (IPS) liquid crystal display (LCD) comprising a substrate, a plurality of pixels with pixel regions thereon arranged in rows and columns; on the substrate, an aperture formed in the each pixel region of the substrate and having liquid crystal and at least one strip-like electrodes electrode therein; a CS circuit disposed in each pixel region adjacent to the aperture; and a pad opposed disposed in opposition to the each CS circuit and connected to the strip-like electrodes; said method comprising the steps of:

forming a cut in a side of the CS circuit to which the aperture is adjacent; and

applying <u>a</u> laser beam to the strip-like electrode of only a bright pixel <u>region</u> among the plurality of <u>pixels</u>

<u>pixel regions</u> through the cut so as to cut the strip-like electrode.

6. (Currently Amended) A method of changing a bright pixel to a dark pixel in an in-plane switching (IPS) liquid crystal display (LCD) comprising a substrate, a plurality of pixels with pixel regions thereon arranged in rows and columns; on the substrate, an aperture formed in the each pixel region of the substrate and having liquid crystal and at least one strip-like electrodes electrode therein; a CS circuit disposed in each pixel region adjacent to the aperture; and a pad opposed disposed in opposition to the each CS circuit and connected to the strip-like electrodes; said method comprising the steps of:

forming a window in a part of the each CS circuit that corresponds to the location of the strip-like electrode; and

applying \underline{a} laser beam to the strip-like electrode of only a bright pixel \underline{region} among the plurality of \underline{pixels}

<u>pixel regions</u> through the window so as to cut the strip-like electrode.